

3500/22M Transient Data Interface Module

Datasheet

Cordant™

161581 Rev. AC



Description

The Bently Nevada™ 3500/22M Transient Data Interface (TDI) is the interface between the 3500 monitoring system and compatible software (System 1 Condition Monitoring and Diagnostic software and 3500 System Configuration software). The TDI combines the function of a 3500/20 Rack Interface Module (RIM) with the data collection capability of a communication processor such as TDXnet.

The TDI resides in the slot adjacent to the power supplies of a 3500 rack. It interfaces with M series monitors (3500/40M, 3500/42M, etc.) to continuously collect steady state and transient dynamic (waveform) data and pass this data through an Ethernet link to the host software. Refer to the Compatibility section at the end of this document for more information.

Static data capture capability is standard with the TDI. However, using an optional Channel Enabling Disk will allow the TDI to capture dynamic and high-resolution transient data as well. The TDI incorporates the communication processor function within the 3500 rack.

Although the TDI provides certain functions common to the entire rack, it is not part of the critical monitoring path and has no effect on the proper, normal operation of the overall monitor system for automatic machinery protection. Every 3500 rack requires one TDI or RIM, which always occupies Slot 1 (next to the power supplies).




Baker Hughes 


Ordering Considerations

Compatibility

When upgrading your 3500 rack from a 3500/20 RIM to a 3500/22 TDI, there may be 3500 M modules (e.g. 3500/40M) that are not compatible with the 3500/22. Please check with BNTechsupport.com for additional details.



CAUTION



Upgrade advisory.

If the RIM I/O is left in the rack when installing a new TDI, it will damage the TDI.

Please perform the upgrade in this order:

- 1) Remove RIM
- 2) Remove RIM I/O
- 3) Insert TDI I/O
- 4) Insert TDI.

Network Requirements

For complete information on network requirements, refer to the *3500 Hardening Guide* [document 106M9733]. This document can be requested at BNTechsupport.com.

Ordering Information



For the detailed listing of country and product-specific approvals, refer to the [Approvals Quick Reference Guide \(108M1756\)](#).

For additional technical documentation, please log in to bntechsupport.com and access the Bently Nevada Media Library.

3500/22M TDI Module and I/O

3500/22-AA-BB-CC

A: Transient Data Interface Type

| | |
|-----------|---|
| 01 | Standard (use for standard monitoring applications) |
|-----------|---|

B: I/O Module Type

| | |
|-----------|--|
| 01 | 10Base-T/100Base-TX Ethernet |
| 02 | 100Base-FX (Fiber Optic) Ethernet |
| 03 | 10Base-T/100Base-TX Ethernet with gold-plated OK Relay contacts |
| 04 | 100Base-FX (fiber optic) Ethernet with gold-plated OK Relay contacts |

C: Agency Approval

| | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| 00 | None |
| 01 | CSA/NRTL/C (Class 1, Division 2) |
| 02 | Multi (CSA, ATEX, IECEx) |

3500 22M Dynamic Data Enabling Disk

This disk enables the number of channels of dynamic data (i.e., the ability to collect waveforms) that the TDI will support. There are two levels of dynamic data. Steady-State points are channels that collect waveform data due either to a software command or to an alarm event, and therefore support current values, scheduled waveform capture, and alarm data capture. Transient points provide all the function of a Steady-State point with the additional capability of waveform collection due to parameter variations such as machine speed.

3500/09-AAA-BBB

A: Steady-State Points

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 000 to 672 | Steady-State Points |
|-------------------|---------------------|

B: Transient Points

| | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 002 to 672 | Transient Points |
|-------------------|------------------|



The sum of the two fields must be equal to or less than 672. One disk can support multiple TDIs.

Ethernet Cables

Standard 10 Base-T/100 Base-TX Shielded Category 5 Cable with RJ-45 connectors (solid conductor)

138131-AAA

| A: Cable Length | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 006 | 6 feet (1.8 m) |
| 010 | 10 feet (3.0 m) |
| 025 | 25 feet (12.2 m) |
| 040 | 40 feet (12.2 m) |
| 050 | 50 feet (15.2 m) |
| 075 | 75 feet (22.9 m) |
| 085 | 85 feet (25.9 m) |
| 100 | 100 feet (30.5 m) |
| 120 | 120 feet (36.6 m) |
| 150 | 150 feet (45.7 m) |
| 200 | 200 feet (61.0 m) |
| 250 | 250 feet (76.2 m) |
| 320 | 320 feet (97.5 m) |



Standard lengths for 10Base-T/100Base-TX cabling are shown above.

Fiber Optic Cable

100 Base-FX fiber optic cable with MT-RJ female connectors.

175M0075-AAAA

A: Cable Length in feet up to 1000 ft (300 m)

| | |
|------|---------------------|
| 0010 | 10 feet (3.0 m) |
| 0100 | 100 feet (30.5 m) |
| 0150 | 150 feet (45.7 m) |
| 0330 | 330 feet (100.6 m) |
| 0500 | 500 feet (152.4 m) |
| 1000 | 1000 feet (304.8 m) |

Spares

| | |
|-----------|---|
| 288055-01 | Standard Transient Data Interface Module with USB cable |
| 123M4610* | 10 foot A to B USB cable |
| 146031-01 | 10Base-T/100Base-TX I/O Module |
| 146031-02 | 100Base-FX (Fiber Optic) I/O Module |
| 161580 | 3500/22M TDI Operation and Maintenance User Guide |
| 164466 | Network Accessories Datasheet |
| 00580441 | Connector header, internal termination, 3-position, green |
| 00580436 | Connector header, internal termination, 6-position, green |
| 111M5777 | Connector header, internal termination, 2-position, green |
| 166M2390 | Connector header, push-in-spring type (alternative for PN 00580436) |
| 166M4363 | Connector header, push-in-spring type (alternative for PN 00580441) |
| 146031-03 | 10Base-T/100Base-TX I/O Module GLD Plated |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| 146031-04 | 100Base-FX (Fiber Optic) I/O Module GLD Plated |
|-----------|---|



* The USB cable part number is 123M4610. This specific cable is required to maintain isolation between chassis and ground. It is also important that the computer being attached to the USB needs to be operating from batteries (i.e. NOT connected to ground) to avoid creating a ground loop.